

M1. (a) 2-chloropropanoic acid (1)

1

(b) δ 1.72 Doublet \therefore next to CH (1)

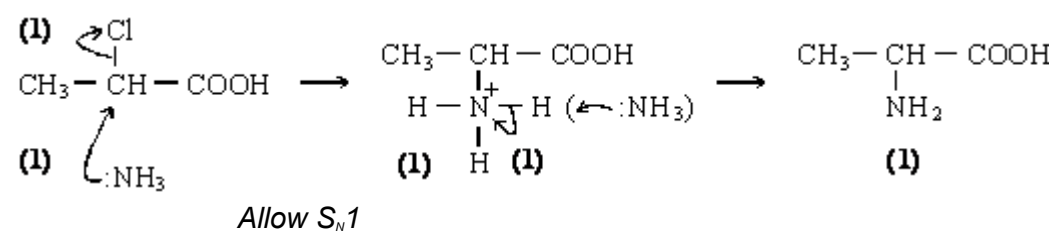
δ 4.44 Quartet \therefore next to CH₂ (1)

2

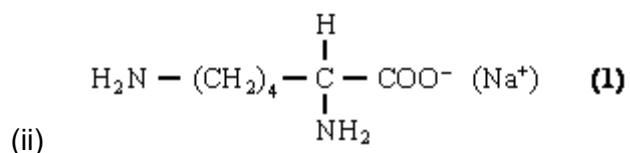
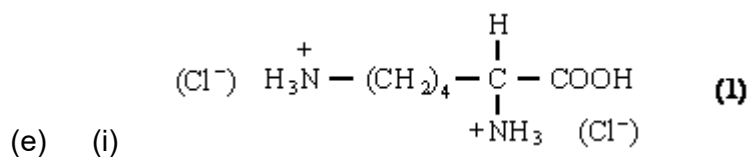
(c) Two triplets (1)

1

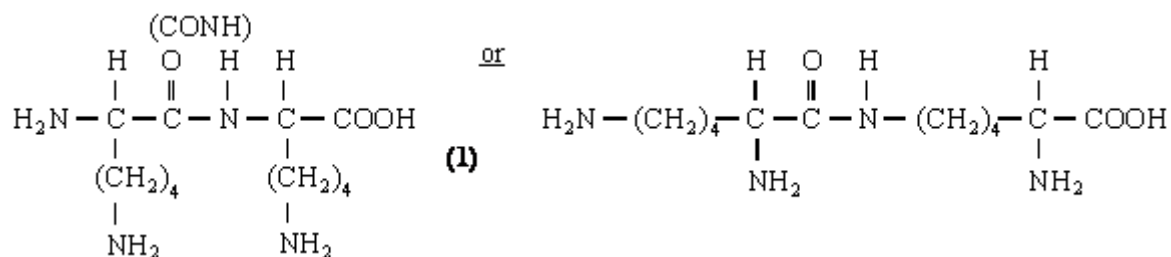
(d)



5



(iii)



(1)

Or anhydride

3

[12]

M2. (a) X contains > C=O (1)

if X and Y reversed lose this mark but allow remaining max 6/7

∴ X is CH₃CH₂COOH (1)

∴ Y is CH₃CH₂CH₂OH (1)

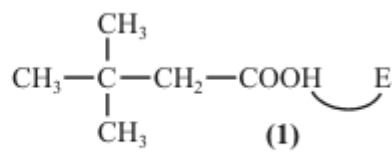
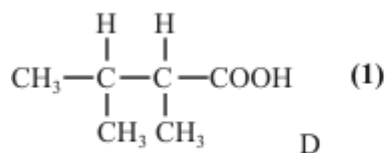
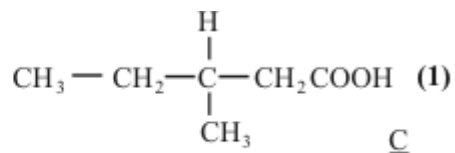
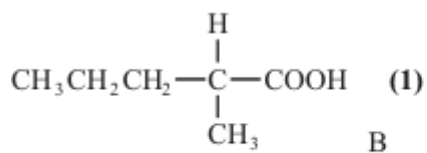
∴ A is $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}{\text{C}}\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ (1)

Propanol $\begin{cases} \text{X reagent: acidified } \text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7 & (1) \\ \text{Y reagent: NaBH}_4 & (1) \end{cases}$

Conc H₂SO₄ : catalyst (1)

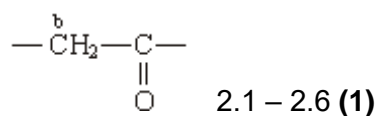
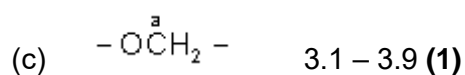
7

(b)



in any order

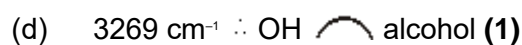
4



a: quartet (1) \curvearrowright 3 adjacent H (1)

b: triplet (1) \curvearrowright 2 adjacent H (1)

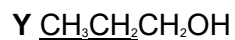
6



2

Notes

- (a) first mark for C=O stated or shown in **X**
Ignore wrong names



allow C_3H_7 in **A** if **Y** correct or vice versa

Allow (1) for **A** if correct conseq to wrong **X** and **Y**

other oxidising agents: acidified KMnO_4 ; Tollens; Fehlings

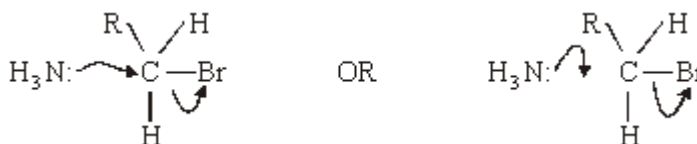
other reducing agents: LiAlH_4 ; Na/ethanol; Ni/ H_2 ; Zn or Sn or Fe/HCl

- (b) give **(1)** for carboxylic acid stated or COOH shown in each suggestion
(1) for correct **E**
 any 2 out of 3 for **B**, **C** or **D**
 allow C₃H₇ for either the **B** or **D** shown on the mark scheme
 i.e. a correct structure labelled **B**, **C** or **D** or **E** will gain 2.
- (c) protons a – *quartet* must be correct to score 3 *adjacent H* mark. Same for b
- (d) allow **(1)** for any OH (alcohol) shown correctly in any structure – ignore extra functional groups. Structure must be completely correct to gain second mark

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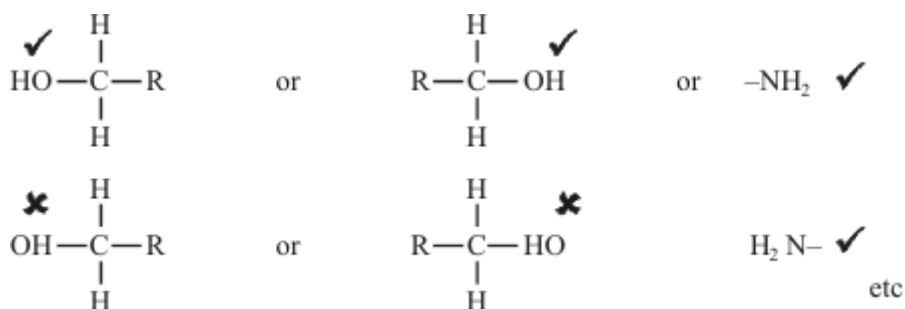
Organic points

- (1) Curly arrows: must show movement of a pair of electrons,
 i.e. from bond to atom or from lp to atom / space
 e.g.



- (2) Structures

penalise sticks (i.e. $\begin{array}{c} | \\ -C- \\ | \end{array}$) once per paper



Penalise once per paper

allow CH₃- or -CH₃ or $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ | \end{array}$ or CH₃
 or H₃C-

M3.B

[1]

M4.

(a) Identity of X; 2-methylpropene (1)

Absorption at 1650 cm^{-1} indicates an alkene present (1)

OR a chemical answer e.g. $\text{Br}_2(\text{aq})$ brown to colourless

2

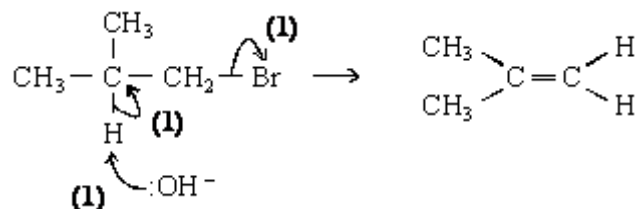
(b) Reagents

Step 1 KOH (allow NaOH) (1) alcoholic (1) warm (1)

Only allow solvent and warm if reagent correct

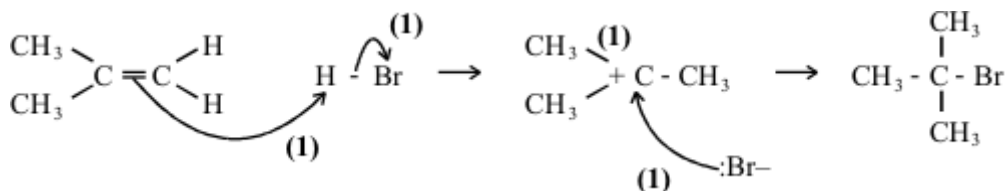
Step 2 HBr (1)

Mechanism: A \rightarrow X



Or a carbocation mechanism

Mechanism X \rightarrow B



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(c) A gives three peaks (1)

B gives one peak (1)

Allow one for "A has more peaks than B" when no number of peaks is given

2

[15]

